

CORRIGÉ DE LA FEUILLE D'EXERCICES N°4.

1.

```

let minmax t a b =
let i = ref a and j = ref a in
  for k = a+1 to b do
    if t.(k) < t.(!i) then i:= k;
    if t.(k) > t.(!j) then j:= k;
  done;
(!i,!j);;

```

```

let permute t i j =
let temp = t.(i) in
t.(i) <- t.(j);
t.(j) <- temp;;

```

Première version du programme qui en marche pas.

```

let tri_selection t =
let n = vect_length t in
let a = ref 0 and b = ref (n-1) in
while (!b > !a) do
  let (i,j) = minmax t (!a) (!b) in
    permute t !a i;
    permute t !b j;
    incr a; decr b;
done;;

```

Deuxième version avec le bug corrigé.

```

let tri_selection t =
let n = vect_length t in
let a = ref 0 and b = ref (n-1) in
while (!b >= !a) do
  let (i,j) = minmax t (!a) (!b) in
    permute t !a i;
    if (!a = j) then permute t i !b
      else permute t j !b;
    incr a; decr b;
done;
t;;

```

```

tri_selection : 'a vect -> 'a vect = <fun>

```

2. triangle de Pascal version tableaux de tableaux.

```
let pascal n=
let t = make_vect (n+1) [|]| in
for i = 0 to n do
t.(i) <- make_vect (i+1) 1;
for j = 1 to i-1 do
  t.(i).(j) <- t.(i-1).(j-1) + t.(i-1).(j)
done;
done;
t;;
```

3.

```
let map_vect f t =
let n = vect_length t in
let tt = make_vect n (f t.(0)) in
for i = 1 to vect_length t -1 do
  tt.(i) <- f(t.(i))
done;
tt;;

#map_vect (function x -> x*x+1) [|1;2;3;4|];;
- : int vect = [|2; 5; 10; 17|]
```

4.

```
let retourne t =
let n = vect_length t in
for i = 0 to n/2-1 do
  permute t i (n-1-i); (* ne pas oublier de s'arrêter à la moitié du tableau. *)
done;
t;;
```

5. on réécrit la fonction "make_matrix" juste pour voir comment elle peut être écrite

```
let make_matrix n p x =  
let M = make_vect n [|] in  
for i = 0 to n-1 do  
  M.(i) <- make_vect p x  
done;  
M;;
```

Produit externe sur les matrices.

```
let prodext a M =  
let n = vect_length M and p = vect_length M.(0) in  
let P = make_matrix n p M.(0).(0) in  
  for i = 0 to n-1 do  
    for j = 0 to p-1 do  
      P.(i).(j) <- a * P.(i).(j);  
    done;  
  done;  
P;;
```

Produit matriciel.

```
let produit M N =  
let n = vect_length M and p = vect_length M.(0)  
and p1 = vect_length N and q = vect_length N.(0) in  
if p <> p1 then failwith "dimension de matrices incompatibles"  
else let P = make_matrix n q M.(0).(0) in  
  for i = 0 to n-1 do  
    for j = 0 to q-1 do  
      let c = ref (M.(i).(0) * N.(0).(j)) in  
      for k = 1 to p-1 do  
        c := !c + M.(i).(k) * N.(k).(j)  
      done;  
      P.(i).(j) <- !c;  
    done;  
  done;  
P;;
```

6.

```
let appartient x t =  
let trouve = ref false in  
for i = 0 to vect_length t -1 do  
  if x = t.(i) then trouve := true  
done;  
!trouve;;
```

```
appartient 5 [|4;7;8;3;1;20;39|];;
```

```
appartient "un" [|"par";"un";"beau";"matin";"d'avril"|];;
```

```

let ajoute x t =
let n = vect_length t in
let tt = make_vect (n+1) x in
for i = 1 to n do
  tt.(i) <- t.(i-1)
done;
tt;;

let intersect ens1 ens2 =
match ens1=[|]| with
  true -> [|]|; (* cas où ens1 = ∅ *)
| false -> (let n = vect_length ens1 in
  let inter = ref [|]| in
  for i = 0 to n-1 do
    if appartient ens1.(i) ens2
      then inter := ajoute ens1.(i) !inter;
  done;
  !inter)
;;

let reunion ens1 ens2 =
match ens1=[|]| with
  true -> ens2; (* cas où ens1 = ∅ *)
| false -> (let n = vect_length ens1 in
  let inter = ref (copy_vect ens2) in
  for i = 0 to n-1 do
    if not(appartient ens1.(i) ens2)
      then inter := ajoute ens1.(i) !inter;
  done;
  !inter)
;;

let verifie t =
let appartient x t a b =
let trouve = ref false in
for i = a to b do
  if x = t.(i) then trouve := true
done;
!trouve in
let ensemble =ref true in
let n = vect_length t-1 in
for i =0 to n do
  if appartient t.(i) t (i+1) n then ensemble := false;
done;
!ensemble;;

```